



Asset Protection and Succession Planning

Jane Florides



We will look at

Current succession planning structures

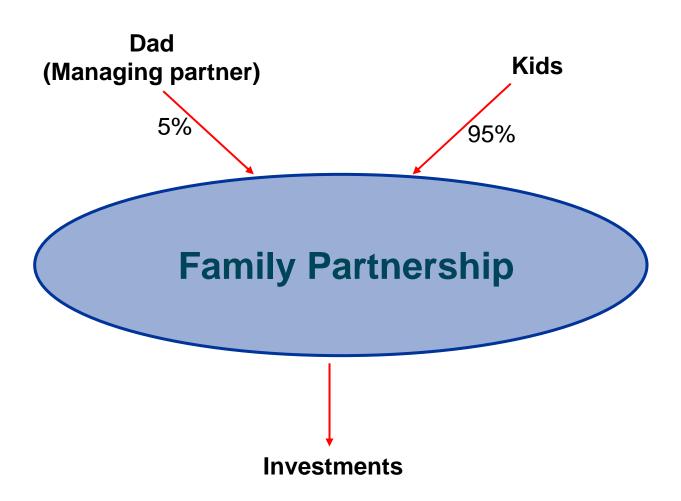
Taxes on wealth

Constructing tax efficient investment portfolios

Succession planning structures

In fashion in 2005





Why use a Family Partnership?

- CAT planning
- Family investment structure

Wealth protection

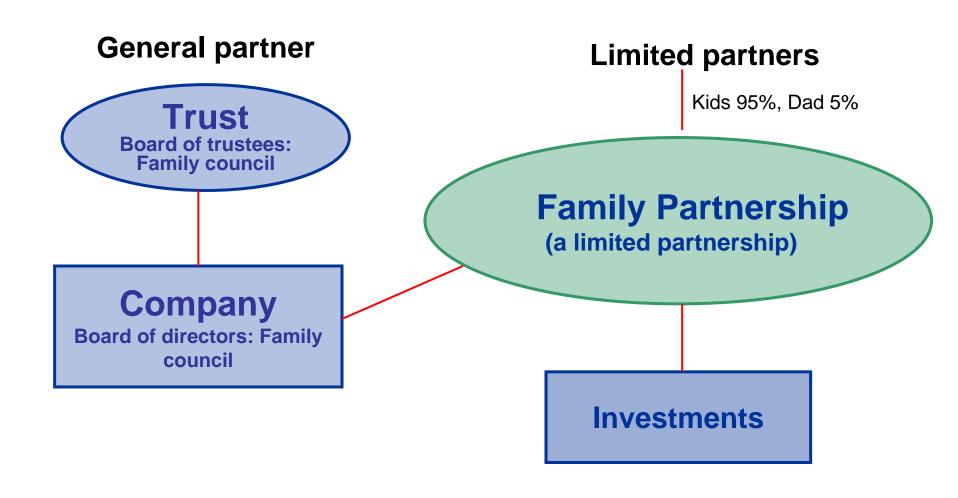


 Avoids close company surcharge and double layer of tax

Lace is back in 2011 (with a twist)



Overview of structure



Governing structure

- General partner responsible for decision making
- General partner is a company
- Board of directors:
 - Mum/dad, one of children, family solicitor, other adviser
- Company is owned by a trust
- Seamless

Back in vogue

The offshore trust



Why?

Protection against future creditors

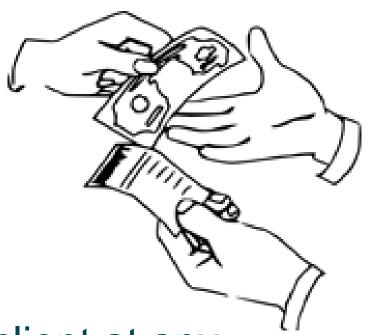
Succession planning

Offshore discretionary trust

Client transfers cash

Beneficiaries

Client, spouse, children



 Cash can come back to client at any time, tax free

Succession planning

- Assets pass separately (outside of Will)
- Privacy
- Avoids probate issues
- Easy to update as children grow older
- Spreading risk of mismanagement/misappropriation

Offshore discretionary trust

Generally tax transparent

- Tax efficient investments
 - EU/EEA etc funds
 - EU deposit interest

The new "black"

Mandatory disclosure of certain transactions

Mandatory disclosure

Now a feature of our everyday work/planning

Disclosable transaction?

Are you responsible for reporting?

Taxes on wealth

Wealth tax



I'm afraid Ireland might introduce a wealth tax – what should I do?

Wealth tax (cont)

Real fear of tax that erodes asset base

• Experience in other countries e.g. France

Is it possible?

- Ipsos MRBI Poll Nov 2010
 - 82% in favour

 Could we take preventative measures without major costs?

What form might it take?

Wealth Tax Act 1975

Domicile levy 2010

Wealth Tax Act 1975

- 1% on amounts over £100k (couple)
- Indexes up to €1m (2010)

What was liable to wealth tax?

PPR not included

 Reduction of 20% for private trading companies and other property used to provide employment

Were there any angles?

Assets of minor children included

Assets in discretionary trusts and companies included

 Assets in foundations, stiftungs, anstalts not included

Domicile levy 2010

- Irish property of over €5m
- Any property transferred to spouse, minor children, discretionary trusts or foundations for less than market value
- Term "foundation" very widely defined
- Only catches transfers on or after 18 February 2010

Worth a punt?

Transfers of wealth now to offshore discretionary trusts or foundations

We don't need a wealth tax to erode wealth!

Domicile levy

8 year funds/life policy charge

8 year funds/life policy charge

- Fund bought in 2003 for €100,000
- Value in 2011 €130,000
- 8-year charge €30,000 at 30% = €9,000

 If not correctly returned tax could be €16,500

8 year charge: some thoughts

What information do tax practitioners get?

Domestic funds – no risk

Good time to switch investments...

Which fund to sell?

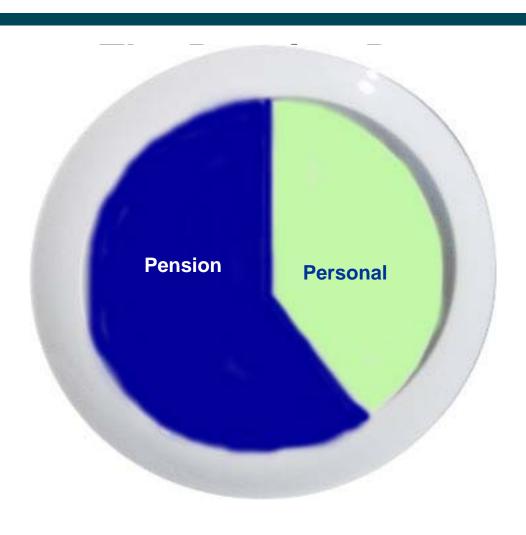
1. Cost €100,000, now worth €150,000

2. Cost €200,000, now worth €150,000

3. Cost €90,000, now worth €150,000 and just paid the 8-year charge

Constructing tax efficient investment portfolios

Investment portfolios – individuals



The "personal" pot – max. rates

Irish/EU deposit interest	31%
 Gains on Irish/EU etc funds or life policies 	30%
 Annual payments: Irish/EU etc funds 	27%
 Direct equities/CGT investments - If CGT losses 	25% 0%

Recent trends

Defensive investing

 High yield equities 	55%
---	-----

•	Swiss deposits	55%
---	----------------	-----

• Bonds 55%

Hold within pension fund

Companies – investment portfolios

 Companies: most investment income is 25% (plus close company surcharge)

 Domestic funds/life policies - no close company surcharge

Companies: direct equities

Plc dividends:

• 12¹/₂% (foreign) and no surcharge

0% plus surcharge (Irish)

• CGT 25% - losses?

Thank you